सरकार द्वारा क्या उपाय किये जा रहे हैं ?

पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री जैड० आर० अन्सारी): (क) राजस्थान राज्य सरकार द्वारा भेजी गई सूचना के अनुसार लगाए गए पौधों की संख्या इस प्रकार है :— (लाख पौधे)

1984-85 .	831.56
1985-86 . .	958
1986-87 . .	1341.03

(ख) और (ग) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सभा पटल पर रख दी जाएगी।

Cloth produced by NTC mills in Madhya Pradesh

1103. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI: Will the Minister of TEXTILES be pleased to state:

(a) what is the quantity of cloth produced by NTC mills in Madhya Pradesh during the last two years and what is the amount of loss suffered by the mills during these years;

(b) what are the reasons for the losses if any, and what steps are being taken to check it;

(c) whether Government have plans for modernisation and rationalisation of these mills; if so, what are the details thereof; and

(d) what is the present production capacity of these mills and how many of them are working at full capacity?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF TEXTILES (SHRI RAM NIWAS MIRDHA): (a) The quantum of cloth produced and the amount of losses suffered by the mills under NTC (MP), during the last two years, are given below:—

Year	Production of cloth million metres)	Net loss (Rs. in crores)
1985-86 . .	126.88	(—) 8.37
1986-87 (Prov.) . .	100.83	(—) 22.14

(b) The major reasons for losses of the mills under NTC(MP) are as follows:—

(i) old and obsolete machinery in most of the mills;

(ii) increase in the prices of cotton and other inputs;

(iii) power-cut and high cost of captive power, resultin gin under-utilisation of installed capacity in various mills;

(iv) increase in cost of coal, fuel, and petroleum products etc.;

(v) increase in cost of dyes and chemicals;

(vi) wage increase on account of increased DA etc; and

(vii) excess labour force.

Some of the important steps being taken to improve the performance of mills under NTC (MP) are given below:

(i) strict review of the performance of Managers with reference to definite action plans;

(ii) review and strict control of various cost elements;

(iii) infusing better management in key decision-making posts;

(iv) improvement in product-mix and greater marketing efforts to achieve better sales realisation rates;

(v) strengthening of management information system for timely flow of information, effective review and decision-making;

(vi) selective modernisation according to priorities to achieve optimum gains within available resources;

(vii) speedy implementation of labour rationalisation;

(viii) effective implementation of workers' participation in management so as to increase productivity;

(ix) identifying the mills as profit centres and delegation of power and authority to the General Managers of the mills, with responsibility for performance; and

(x) strict control and supervision on the filling up of vacant posts.

(c) During the 7th Plan, modernisation schemes costing about Rs. 3.64 crores have been sanctioned for mills under NTC(MP). As regards rationalisation,a target of 2000 posts to be abolished has been indicated for the year 1987-88 for the entire subsidiary.

(d) At present, the number of commissioned spindles and looms in these mills are 246256 and 4777 respectively. The average utilisation of these mills during May, 1987 was 66.9 per cent in spinning and 69.5 per cent in weaving.

Dacoities in Delhi

1104. SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what is the number of dacoities committed between the period from 1st January, 1986 to 30th June, 1987 in Delhi;

(b) what are the details of loss of life and property as a result thereof;

(c) what is the number of cases of dacoities solved; and

(d) what is the number of persons apprehended;

(e) what are the details of goods recovered, if any; and

(f) what remedial steps Government propose to take in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI CHINTAMANI PANIGRAHI): (a) 33.

(b) 4 persons were killed and loss of property was about Rs. 14.22 lakhs.

(c) 23.

(d) 110.

(e) Goods worth Rs. 10.79 lakhs have been recovered.

(f) In order to check crime and the threat of terrorism, steps like increasing the number of police personnel, number of vehicles and improvement in the communication system, have been taken. Intensive checking of hotels and guest houses, frequent raids on hide-outs of criminals, externment proceedings against known criminals, are also undertaken.

Labour Courts and Industrial Tribunals

1105. SHRI K. GOPALAN:
SHRI V. GOPALSAMY:

Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) how many Labour Courts and Industrial Tribunals are functioning in Delhi as on date and now many vacancies are there in these Courts and Tribunals alongwith the number of industrial disputes pending before each of them for disposal;

(b) how many of these disputes are pending for the last three, five and eight years for disposal;

(c) how many of such disputes are between public sector undertakings and their workers' Unions and how many of them are pending for more than three, five, and eight years for disposals;

(d) how many industrial disputes have been disposed of by each Tribunal/Court during the last three years and how many of them were three, five and eight years old disputes; and